Communicable Disease

PREPARED BY:

BENJAMIN BAER, EPIDEMIOLOGIST
SUSAN KARRAS, COMMUNICABLE DISEASE COORDINATOR



Communicable Disease Program Overview

- Required program (Illinois Title 77 Section 600) for Certified Health Department
- Surveillance and investigation of mandated reportable diseases
- Identify and manage outbreaks
- Educate the public and healthcare providers
- Testing and treatment for select diseases



Collaboration

- Other Health Department Divisions
- Local Health Care Providers and Laboratories
- Long Term Care Facilities
- Schools and Day Care Facilities
- > Restaurants
- > PADs and other Social Service Agencies
- Neighboring Local Health Departments
- > Illinois Department of Public Health



Education

- Professional conferences (offer CMEs and CEUs)
- Blast E-mails and website
- Education programs to schools, health care, and community organizations (Hand washing, Immunizations, STD, Rabies)
- Publish Communiqué, directed towards healthcare providers



Outbreaks

Defined as a larger amount of a disease than normally expected, either in the county as a whole or in a specific location or group of people

- Depending on the disease, an outbreak could be as small as one person or as many as dozens of people
- Outbreaks may be investigated with assistance from Environmental Division or local Health Care Providers



Outbreak Categories

Foodborne

• Salmonella, E-Coli, Shigella, Tuberculosis

Waterborne

Cryptosporidia, E-Coli, Shigella

Non Foodborne/Waterborne

Measles, HIV, Histoplasmosis, Tuberculosis



Outbreaks

- Identified by reports of illness, complaints, and/or surveillance
- Unknown Pathogen (Goal is to identify)
 - ▶ Interview "ills" and "wells"
 - Work in cooperation with Epidemiologist, Environmental Health, Healthcare providers
 - Coordinate specimen collection

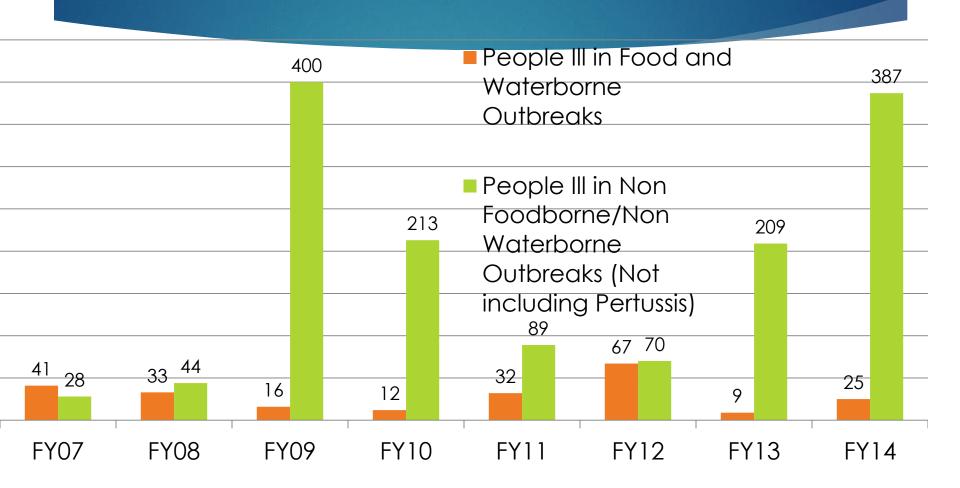


Outbreaks, continued

- Known Pathogen (Goal is to control/eliminate transmission)
 - Work with healthcare provider to provide recommended treatment and prophylaxis to cases and contacts
 - Work with Environmental Division to eliminate any identified source
 - Educate public to protect and prevent further transmission



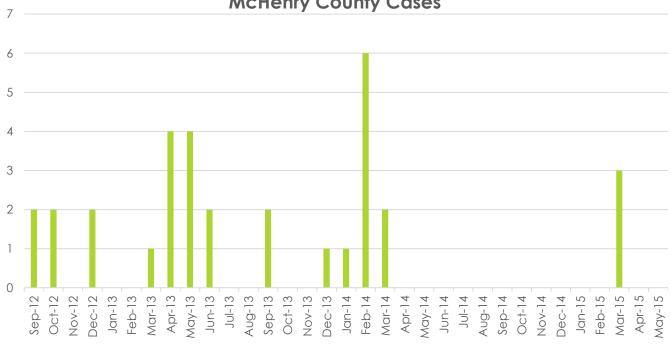
Individuals III in Outbreaks by Year





Salmonella:Typhimerium.0146 Illinois Outbreak IL2013-094







Ebola

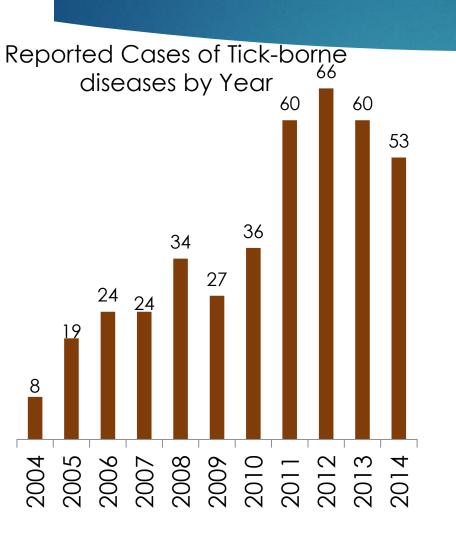
- Current Ebola outbreak in western Africa is the largest in history
- Communicable Disease program has worked with Emergency Response and other agencies such as EMA and State's Attorney to prepare
- CD has monitored one traveler for 21 days

Tick-Borne Disease

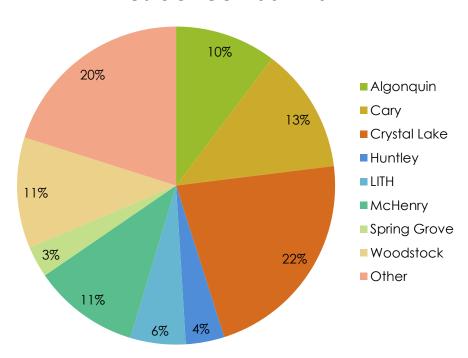
- Between 2004-2014 there were 411 reported cases of tick-borne diseases of which the majority, 384 were Lyme disease
- Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever, a potentially deadly tick-borne disease, is also found in McHenry County
- Educate public on prevention methods and signs and symptoms



Tick-Borne Diseases by Year and City of Residence



Reported Cases of Tickborne Disease by City of Residence 2004-2014





The ticks circled in blue are those responsible for transmitting Lyme disease.

If a deer tick has bitten you, consult a health care provider or call MCDH for more information about tick-borne illnesses.



Tick Identification













Lone

Star Tick



















Female

Male

Nymph

Larvae



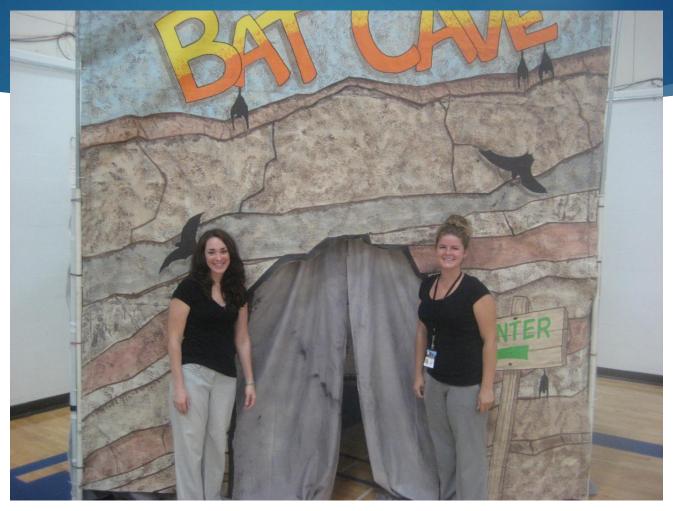
Erythema Migrans, a distinctive rash, is often one of the first signs of Lyme disease



Rabies

- All mammals are potential carriers for rabies, but in McHenry county the primary carrier are bats
- Communicable Disease and Veterinary Public Health provide education and consultation
- ▶ If exposed it is important to be treated **ASAP**!





The Bat Cave is operated by the Communicable Disease and Environmental Health Programs and provides education on bat safety to children, seen here at the 2011 Children's Health Fair



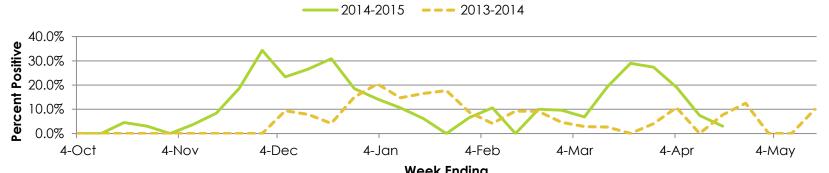
Influenza Surveillance

- The severity of the flu season is monitored through reporting at the Emergency Rooms of three sentinel hospitals
- Schools also report total absences and Influenza Like Illness or ILI absences
- This surveillance is reported weekly on the Health Department website at MCDH.info
- MCDH also monitors Influenza deaths and ICU admissions

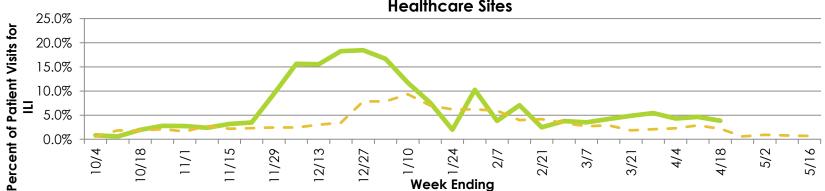


Influenza Season 2012-2013 and 2011-2012

Figure 1a. Percent of Rapid Influenza Tests that are Positive at McHenry County
Sentinel HealthCare Sites



Week Ending
Figure 1b. Percent of Patient Visits for Influenza-Like Illness at McHenry County Sentinel
Healthcare Sites





Pertussis

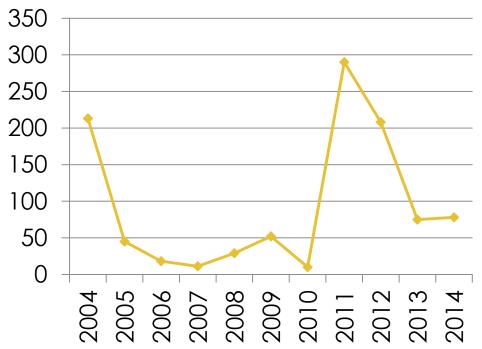
- Pertussis is a vaccine preventable disease
- Vaccine reduces the risk of being infected and the severity
- Number of Pertussis cases varies from year to year and usually peaks every five years
- Pertussis mainly effects children and teens

Percent of Reported Pertussis cases in McHenry County 2004-2014 by Age Group				
Age Group	6 and under	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 and older
Percent of Reported Pertussis Cases	28.23%	32.16%	22.85%	16.75%

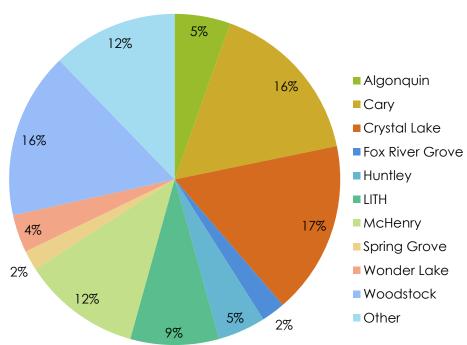


Pertussis

Reported Pertussis Cases



Reported Pertussis Cases 2004-2014 by City of Residence



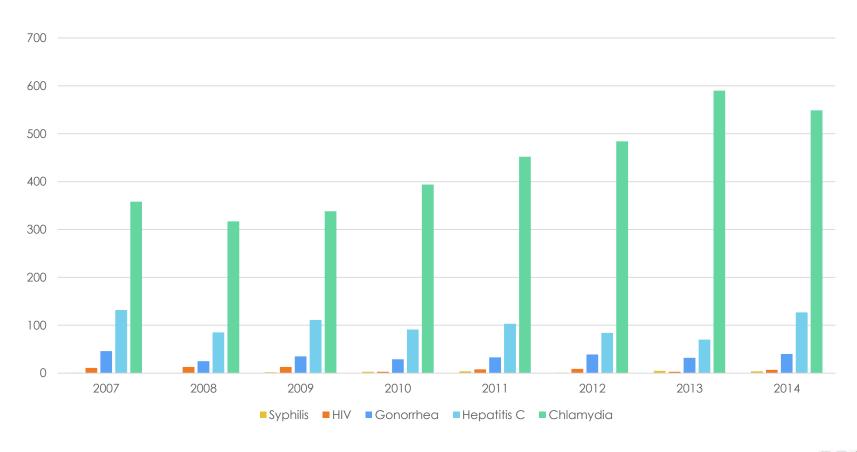


Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD)

- Testing and counseling for HIV and STD including partner testing and treatment
- Testing is confidential and provided at low or no cost
- Only STD clinic in McHenry County and only McHenry County organization with STD information on the internet



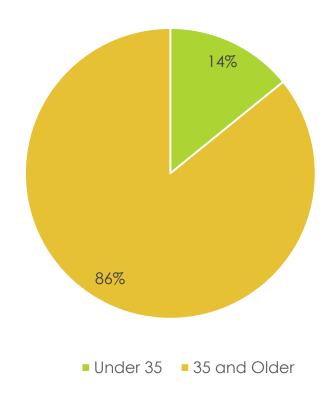
STD Diagnosis by Year





Hepatitis C

Hepatitis C Diagnosis by age Group 2012-April 24th, 2015





Tuberculosis (TB)

- Program completely funded by tax levy
- Clinics for screening held at Building B and outreach screening provided at PADs shelters.
- MD Clinic for diagnosis and treatment follow up of latent and active TB cases of any McHenry County resident or anyone employed in McHenry County
- Directly Observed Treatment (DOT) provided to all active TB cases.
- Contact screenings for all active TB cases and treatment for any identified latent or active contacts.

